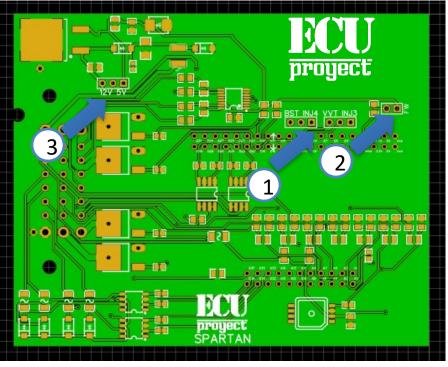
# Spartan QUICK GUIDE

Use Board Layout: UA4C



Jumpers (selectors)

1.- Selectors to choose between INJ3/VVT, INJ4/BST channel

- 2.- Remove selector to burn firmware
- 3.- Selector to choose ignition outputs at 5V or 12V

4.- On LATER REVISION Spartan solder selector for Baro/Flex input

The ECU comes in VR mode, to connect a hall sensor you just have to place a Pullup resistor!

12V.- power supply for ECU (normally to switch) GND.- ground, the ground is common for sensors, and other devices 5V.- 5V output for sensors (TPS, MAP) INJ1.- Bank 1 of injectors INJ2.- Bank 2 of injectors VVT/3.- Bank 3 of injectors / VVT output BS/4.- Bank 4 injectors / Boost output IGN1, ING2, IGN3, IGN4.- Ignition banks 1,2,3 and 4 IAT.- air intake temperature sensor CLT.- coolant temperature sensor TPS.- throttle body position sensor LNCH.- input to activate launch control (IT IS ACTIVATED WITH GND OF THE SAME ECU) O2.- input for oxygen sensor (wideband with controller or direct narrowband) VR1+.- crankshaft sensor input or CKP type OPTICAL or HALL (add pullup) also configurable as VR positive pulse

VR2+.- OPTICAL or HALL type tree or CAM sensor input also configurable as positive pulse VR

VR1-.- is only used in case of configuring crankshaft sensor as VR type, this is the negative complementary pulse input

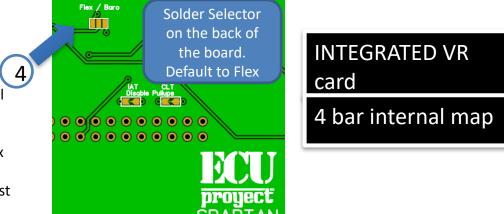
VR2-.- it is only used in case of configuring tree sensor as VR type, this is the negative complementary pulse input

FAN.- output for radiator fan (use with relay)

FP.- output for fuel pump (use with relay)

TACH.- tachometer output

BARO/FLEX.- On LATER REVISION Spartan solder selector for Baro/Flex input, older revisions has input to BARO



# Spartan QUICK GUIDE

				SPAF	RTAN				
	INJ3/VVT	VR1-	VR1+	VR2-	VR2+	LNCH	TACH	INJ1	
	INJ4/BST	5V	BARO	IAT	CLT	TPS	02	INJ2	
	12V	FP	FAN	IGN1	IGN2	IGN3	IGN4	GND	









www.facebook.com/ProyectECU/

#### WARNING

Do not save tunes or megasquirt files in this ECU, this ecu IS NOT MEGASQUIRT, it is not clone of megasquirt either. So saving an incompatible tune will cause the ecu not to synchronize time and failures will occur.

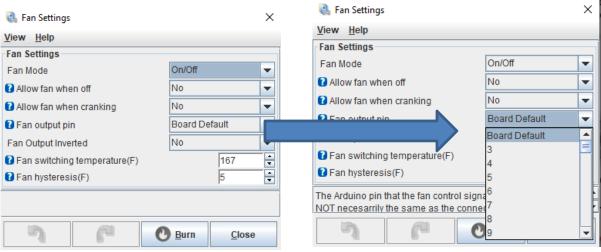
**RECOMMENDATION:** 

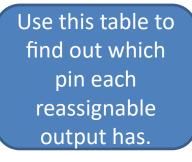
Follow the Tutorial1 and the virtual drive files to connect to the ECU and do the Hardware test! Do this before you install the ECU!

# Spartan QUICK GUIDE

# How to assign extra inputs or outputs?

Some menus have something called "pin", this is used to assign this function to another available output.

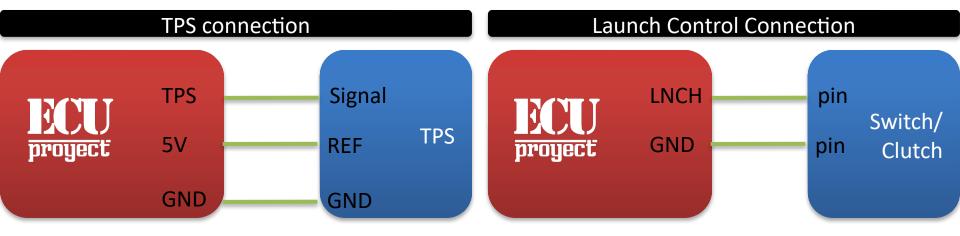


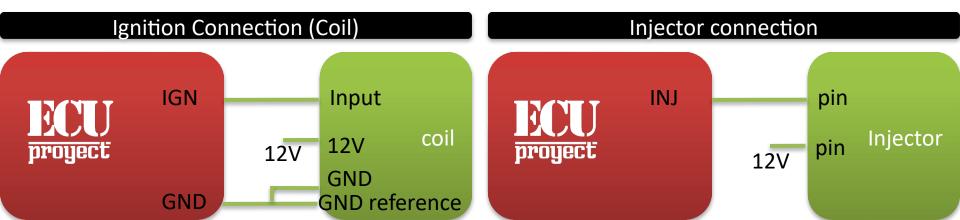


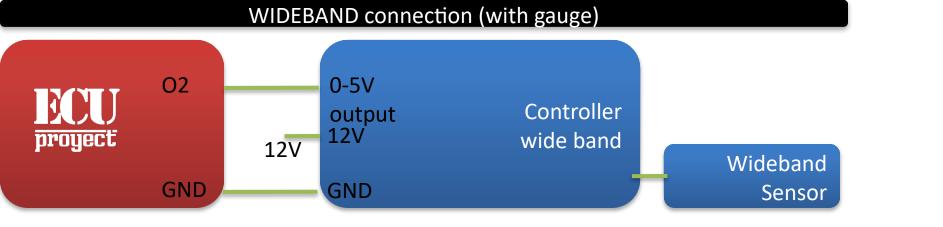


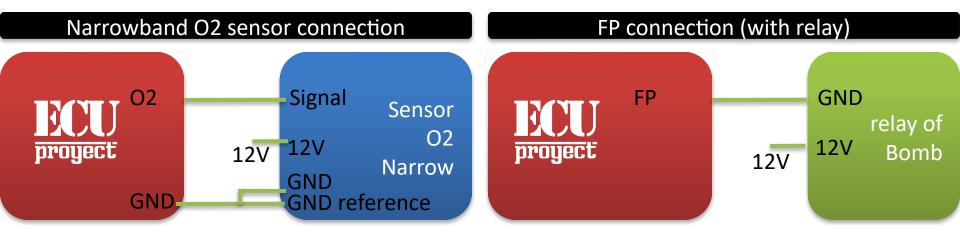
	Baro/Flex A7 (Analog) / 20 (Digital HS)
Inputs	O2 A1 (Analog)
	Launch 37 (Digital)
	BST 12 (shared with injetor by selector)
Outputs	VVT 11 ((shared with injetor by selector)

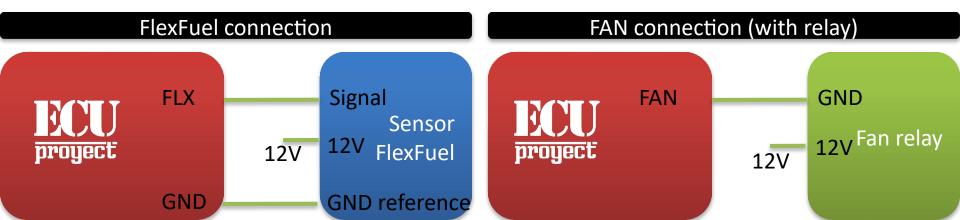




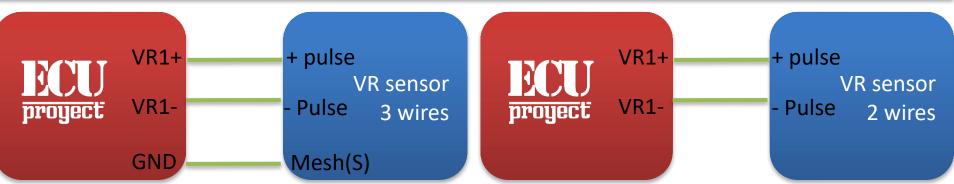


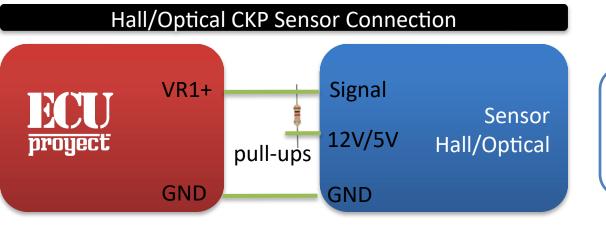




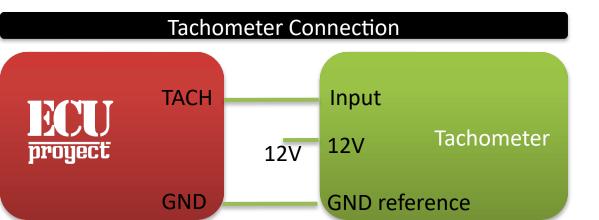


### VR Type CKP Sensor Connection





Pullup: Resistance from 1k to 10k. Not all Halls require Pullup (for example those of LS)

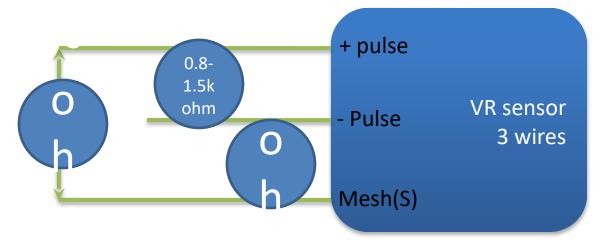


There are 2-wire and 3-wire VR sensors, in the case of the 2-wire ones it is easy to connect them, but for the 3-wire one there is confusion because we have a cable that has no signal and can cause failures.

To find which is the pair of signals, a multimeter is used to measure ohms.

Take a pair of pins and place the multimeter, if the resistance is infinite then we have that we are taking a signal pin and a mesh pin

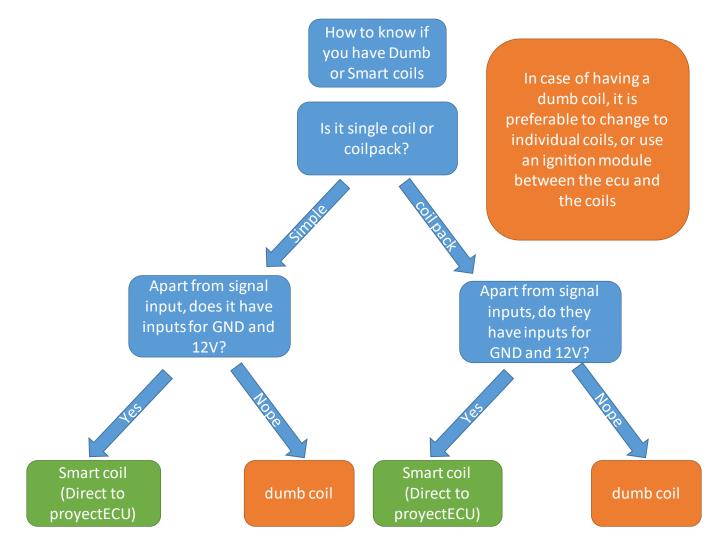
We change pins until it gives us a resistance between 0.8k ohm to 1.5k ohm.



#### coil types

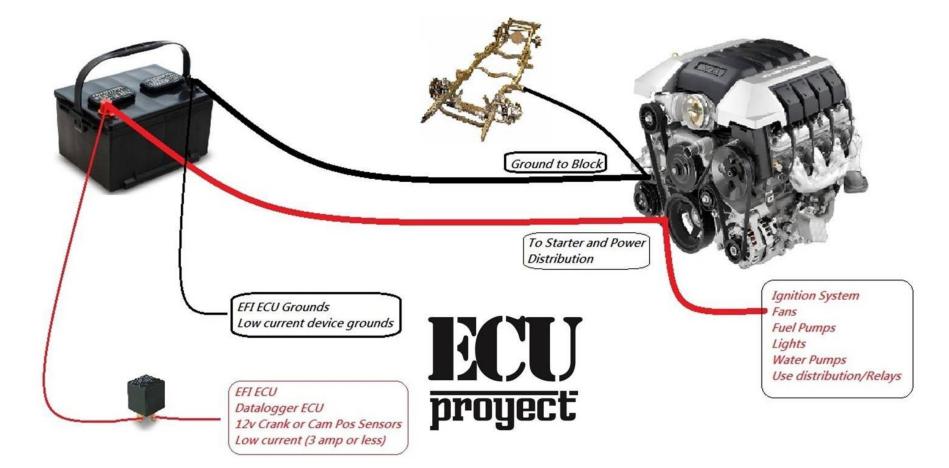
There are 2 types of coils, this small guide can indicate what type of coils we have.

In general it can be summed up that if the coil or coil pack has 12v and GND, it is a coil Smart, if it only has 12v OR GND (only one of the two) then it's Dumb coil.



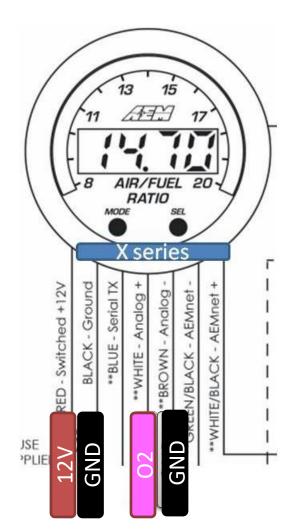
#### **Ground Connection**

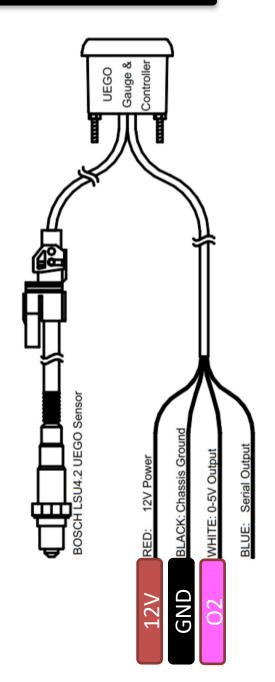
The ground connection is VERY important, a bad connection can cause loss of communication with the ECU, sensors with voltage variation, or even damage to the wiring.

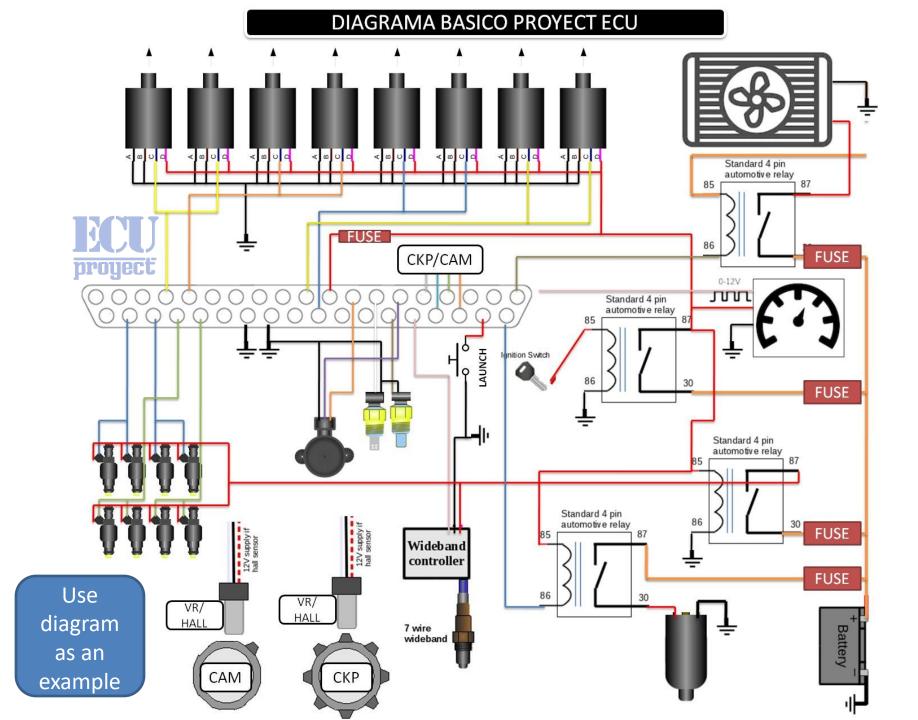


### **WB-connection**

Wideband analog signal connection exists in 2 ways depending on your wideband kit, here we show 2 examples taking WB aem:







### Bluetooth use (if available)

Power on the ECU

In the android device go to the bluetooth section, search and connect to the device "ProyectECU", the pin is: 1111

# On the Android device go to the Play Store and search for "RealDash"

Install realdash APP

Once installed you have to open realdash and configure in your panel, Connections "ADD", Source "Speeduino", Type "Bluetooth", Bluetooth "ProyectECU", Settings "Serial 3" and DONE.

We can now enjoy data in Dash.



Available Video Tutorial: ProjectECU.com/downloads

Tutorial how to connect to ProjectECU Bluetooth from cell/tablet

2022-02-17

